

## Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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LOCTITE 401

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE 401

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Adhesive

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd

Adhesives

Wood Lane End

HP24RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 (1442) 278000 Fax-no.: +44 (1442) 278071

ua-productsafety.uk@henkel.com

For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (CLP):

Skin irritation Category 2

H315 Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye irritation Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organ: respiratory tract irritation

#### 2.2. Label elements

### Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:



**Contains** Ethyl 2-cy anoacry late

Signal word: Warning

**Hazard statement:** H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

**Supplemental information** Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of

children.

**Precautionary statement:** P261 Avoid breathing vapors.

**Prevention** P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

**Precautionary statement:** P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Response** P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**Precautionary statement:** 

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.

### 2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

### General chemical description:

Cyanoacry late Adhesive

### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components	EC Number	content	Classification
CAS-No.	REACH-Reg No.		
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	230-391-5	50- 100 %	Eye Irrit. 2
7085-85-0	01-2119527766-29		H319
			STOT SE 3
			H335
			Skin Irrit. 2
			H315

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact:

If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth.

Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin.

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water.

#### Eye contact:

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad.

Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days.

Cyanoacry late will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive.

Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

#### Ingestion:

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

SKIN: Redness, inflammation.

RESPIRATORY: Irritation, coughing, shortness of breath, chest tightness.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide.

Fine water spray

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None known

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) can be released.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

### Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Wear protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

### $\textbf{6.3.}\ \textbf{Methods}\ \textbf{and}\ \textbf{material}\ \textbf{for}\ \textbf{containment}\ \textbf{and}\ \textbf{cleaning}\ \textbf{up}$

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes

Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact

Avoid skin and eye contact.

See advice in section 8

#### Hy giene measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

### ${\bf 7.2.}\ Conditions\ for\ safe\ storage,\ including\ any\ incompatibilities$

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Refer to Technical Data Sheet

### 7.3. Specific enduse(s)

Adhesive

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	• •	Shortterm exposure limit category/Remarks	Regulatorylist
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	0,3	1,5	Short Term Exposure	15 minutes	EH40 WEL
7085-85-0			Limit (STEL):		
[ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE]			·		

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatorylist
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 [ETHYL 2-CYANOACRYLATE; ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE]	1		Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	IR_OEL
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 [ETHYL 2-CYANOACRYLATE; ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE]	0,2		Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL

#### **Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		9,25 mg/m3	
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		9,25 mg/m3	
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		9,25 mg/m3	
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		9,25 mg/m3	

#### **Biological Exposure Indices:**

None

### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Filter type: A (EN 14387)

#### Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes.

Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

## Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing. Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

### Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

#### Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid

liquid colourless to yellowish

Odor Sharp

Odour threshold No data available / Not applicable

pH Not applicable, Mixture reacts with water.

Melting point No data available / Not applicable Solidification temperature No data available / Not applicable

Initial boiling point > 149 °C (>300.2 °F)
Flash point 80 - 93 °C (176 - 199.4 °F)
Evaporation rate No data available / Not applicable
Flammability No data available / Not applicable
Explosive limits No data available / Not applicable

Vapour pressure < 700 mbar

(50 °C (122 °F))

Relative vapour density: No data available / Not applicable

Density 1,1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

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Bulk densityNo data available / Not applicableSolubilityNo data available / Not applicableSolubility (qualitative)Polymerises in presence of water.

(Solvent: Water)

Solubility (qualitative) Insoluble

(Solvent: Water)

Solubility (qualitative) Soluble

(Solvent: Acetone)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

No data available / Not applicable

No data available / Not applicable

No data available / Not applicable

Viscosity 100,0 - 120,0 mPa.s

(Brookfield; Instrument: LVF; 25 °C (77 °F); speed of rotation: 30 min-1; Spindle No: 1)

Viscosity 70,0 - 110,0 mPa.s

(Cone and plate; Instrument: Physica MC 100 (or equivalent), Cone CP50-1; 25 °C (77 °F);

Shear gradient: 3.000 s-1)

Viscosity (kinematic)

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

No data available / Not applicable
No data available / Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None if used for intended purpose.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### General toxicological information:

Cyanoacry lates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals

In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and respiratory system

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value	Value	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

### Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

### Acute inhalative toxicity:

No data available.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation:

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit)>2000mg/kg Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	slightly	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
7085-85-0	irritating			

### Serious eye damage/irritation:

Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH<50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachry matory effect

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	irritating	72 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	not sensitising		guinea pig	not specified

# Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study/ Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)			OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)

Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without	OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Carcinogenicity				
No data available.				
Reproductive toxicity	<b>7:</b>			
No data available.				
STOT-single exposur	re:			
No data available.				
STOT-repeated expo	sure::			
No data available.				
Aspiration hazard:				
No data available.				

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water. Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant.

### 12.1. Toxicity

### Toxicity (Fish):

No data available.

### Toxicity (Daphnia):

No data available.

### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No data available.

### Toxicity (Algae):

No data available.

#### Toxicity to microorganisms

No data available.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure	Method
CAS-No.				time	
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	not readily biodegradable.	aerobic	57 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready
7085-85-0					Biodegradability: Closed Bottle
					Test)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	0,776	22 ℃	EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)
7085-85-0			

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	PBT/ vPvB	
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	2-cyanoacrylate Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very	
7085-85-0	Bioaccumulative(vPvB) criteria.	

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

### Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

#### Waste code

08 04 09\* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR Not dangerous goods
RID Not dangerous goods
ADN Not dangerous goods
IMDG Not dangerous goods
IATA 3334

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR Not dangerous goods
RID Not dangerous goods
ADN Not dangerous goods
IMDG Not dangerous goods

IATA Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester)

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR Not dangerous goods
RID Not dangerous goods
ADN Not dangerous goods
IMDG Not dangerous goods

IATA 9

### 14.4. Packing group

ADR Not dangerous goods
RID Not dangerous goods
ADN Not dangerous goods
IMDG Not dangerous goods

IATA III

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR not applicable
RID not applicable
ADN not applicable
IMDG not applicable
IATA not applicable

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR not applicable
RID not applicable
ADN not applicable
IMDG not applicable

IATA Primary packs containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of transport

and may be shipped unrestricted. Primary packs containing less than 500ml are

unregulated by this mode of transport and may be shipped unrestricted.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009): Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012): Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

VOC content (2010/75/EC) < 3 %

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Further information:**

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This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

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Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.

## **Annex - Exposure Scenarios:**

Exposure Scenarios for ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate can be downloaded under the following link: https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection